SAFETY DATA SHEET



HS042-EXCEL WHITE -01-2023

Product Number: 42 HW Excel White Top Coat

Description:

A solvent based product to apply over HW01 – no need for an undercoat. Available in Matt, Satin or Gloss finishes. Gives a high-quality durable finish for internal & external use. Suitable for use on all types of timber substrate.

This product comprises of the following materials and therefore is supported by Health & Safety Data Sheets:

- (Appendix 71a) HW Excel White Satin
- (Appendix 71b) HW Excel White Gloss

*The information contained in this safety data sheet is given in good faith. It is accurate to the best of our knowledge and belief and represents the most up to date information. The information given in this data sheet does not constitute or replace the user's own assessment of workplace risk as required by other health and safety legislation.

HEALTH & SAFETY INFORMATION SHEET APPENDIX 71a HW EXCEL WHITE - SATIN

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE PREPARATION AND COMPANY

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: HW Excel white – satin
Product code	: Not available
Other means of identification	: Not available
1.2 Relevant identified uses of the Product use Use of the substance/mixture	substance or mixture and uses advised against : Consumer applications, Professional applications : Coating
1.3 Details of the supplier of the sa Envirograf	fety data sheet
Envirograf House, Barfrestone, Dove Telephone/fax/email: 01304 842555	

1.4 Emergency telephone number: <u>Supplier</u>: 01304 842555 (Not 24 Hours)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the su	
Product definition	
	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS] : Flam. Liq. 3, H226
The product is classified as h	azardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.
See Section 16 for the full te	xt of the H statements declared above
	ailed information on health effects and symptoms.
2.2 Label Elements	
Hazard pictograms	:
	\wedge
	\mathbf{V}
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapour
Precautionary statements	. Keen sut of useds of shilders if usedias and is is used at house wood ust container.
General	: Keep out of reach of childen. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot
Flevention	surfaces, sparks, open flames & other ignition sources . No Smoking
Response	: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Immediately take off all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin
Kesponse	with water or shower
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool
Disposal	: Dispose of contects & container in accordance with all local, regional, national &
	international regulations
	P102, P101, P280, P210, P303 + P361 + P353, P403, P235, P501
Hazardous ingredients	: Not applicable
	ts: Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII- Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles: Not applicable

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings : Not applicable

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin & cause irritation

Special packaging requirements

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

:Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11 n-alkalines, isoalkanes cyclics, <2% aromatics	REACH # 01-2119463258-33 EC: 919-857-5 CAS: 64742-48-9	≥ 10- <20	Flam.Liq 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
Naphtha (petroleum) hydrotreated heavy: Nota(s) P	EC: 265-150-3 CAS:64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≥ 5 – ≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
Distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated light	EC: 265-149-8 CAS: 64742-47-8 Index: 649-422-00-2	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1]
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, Isoalkanes, cyclics <2% aromatics	REACH # 01-2119457273-39 EC: 918-481-9 CAS: 64742-48-9	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
Hydrocarbons, C14-C18, n-alkanes, Isoalkanes, cyclics <2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119457736-27 EC: 927-632-8 CAS: 64742-47-8	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Asp. Tox. 1, H304* EUH066	[1]
2-butanone oxime	REACH #: 01-2119539477-28 EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7 Index: 616-014-00-0	<1.0	Acute Tox. 4, H312 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351	[1]
2-ethylhexanoic acid , Zirconium salt	REACH #: 01-2119979088-21 EC: 245-018-1 CAS: 22464-99-9	≤3.0	Repr.2, H361fd (Fertility & Unborn Child) (oral) See Section 16 for the full text of H Statements declared above	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u> [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid

Eye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelid seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognized skin cleaner. DO NOT USE SOLVENT OR THINNERS.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. DO NOT induce vomiting

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Potential acute health effects Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards

Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: No specific data
Inhalation Skin contact	: No specific data : Adverse symptoms may include: irritation, dryness, cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

<u>Notes to physician</u>: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture: Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard

Hazardous combustion products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for Firefighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool **Special protective equipment for Firefighters**: Firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for firefighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel."

6.2 Environmental Precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air)

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information See Section 8 for information appropriate personal protective equipment See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s) **7.1** Proceedings for safe handling

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should was hands and face before eating drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Storage temperature 5 to 25°C (41 to77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations: Not available Industrial sector specific solutions: Not available

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s) **8.1 Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

Product / ingredient name	Exposure limit values
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK). 12/2011). STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours

Recommended monitoring procedures: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres – Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres – Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres – General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

INELS					
Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11 n-alkalines, isoalkanes cyclics, <2% aromatics	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal Long term inhalation Long term Dermal Long term inhalation Long term Oral	208 mg/kg bw/day 871 mg/m ³ 125 mg/kg bw/day 185 mg/m ³ 125 mg/kg bw/day	Workers Workers Consumers Consumers Consumers	Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic
2-butanone oxime	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Short term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Short term Dermal	9 mg/m ³ 3.33 mg/m ³ 1.3 mg/kg bw/day 2.5 mg/kg bw/day 2.7 mg/m ³ 2 mg/m ³ 0.78 mg/kg bw/day 1.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers Workers Workers Consumers Consumers Consumers Consumers	Systemic Local Systemic Systemic Local Systemic Systemic Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
2-butanone oxime	-	Fresh water	0.256 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	·	Sewage treatment plant	177mg/l	Assessment Factors

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection: Safety glasses with side shields.

Skin protection

Hand Protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: Recommended: nitrile rubber Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the sage working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, airpurifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Odour threshold	: Not available
рН	: Insoluble in water
Melting/freezing point	: May start to solidify at the following temperature: -15°C (5°F). This is based on data for the following ingredient: Hydrocarbons C14-C18, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics. Weighted average: -60.61°C (-77.1°F)
Initial boiling point & boiling range	: 145°C
Flash point	: Closed cup: 43°C
Evaporation rate	: Highest known value: 0.04 (Hydrocarbons C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics). Weighted average: 0.03 compared
	with butyl acetate
Material supports combustion	: Yes
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Liquid
Upper/lower flammability or	: Greatest known value: Lower 0.6% Upper 7% (Hydrocarbons C10-C13,
explosive limits	n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics)
Vapour pressure	: Highest known value: 0.1 to 0.3 kPa (0.8 to 2.3mm Hg) (at 20°C)
	(Naphtha [petroleum], hydrotreated heavy). Weighted Average: 0.16 kPa (1.2 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapour density	: Highest known value: 4.5 (Air = 1) (Distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated light). Weighted average: 4.5 (Air = 1)
Relative density	: 1.43
Solubility(ies)	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Lowest known value: >220°C (>428°F) (Distillates (petroleum),
5	hydrotreated light)
Decomposition temperature	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see
	Section 7)
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): >4cm²/s
-	Kinematic (40°C): >0.21cm ² /s
Viscosity	: > 100 s (ISO 6mm)
Explosive properties	: Product does not present an explosion hazard
Oxidising properties	: Product does not present an oxidising hazard
9.2 Other information	
NEED REPORT OF CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	

No additional information.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability: The product is stable

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reaction will not occur

10.4 Conditions to avoid: When exposed to high temperature may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 & 8

10.5 Incompatible materials: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides. metal oxide / oxides

11.1 Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity Product/ingredient name Result Species Dose Exposure Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy LD50 Oral Rat >6 g/kg Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, LD50 Dermal Rat 5000 mg/kg soalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics 5000 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, LD50 Oral >6 g/kg Rat isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% Aromatics 930 mg/kg 2-butanone oxime LD50 Oral Rat _ 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt LD50 Dermal Rabbit >5 g/kg _ LD50 Oral Rat >5 g/kg : There are no data available on the mixture itself Conclusion/Summary

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity estimates					
Route		ATE	value		
Not available					
Irritation/Corrosion					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available	on th	e mixture	itself	
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available	on th	e mixture	itself	
Mutagenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available	on th	e mixture	itself	
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available	e on th	e mixture	itself	
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available	e on th	e mixture	itself	
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available	e on th	e mixture	itself	
Specific target organ toxi					· - ·
Product/ingredient name			egory	Route of exposure	Target
	-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,	Cate	egory 3	Not applicable	Narcotic
<2% aromatics					effects
Specific target organ toxi	city (repeated exposure)				
Not available					
Aspiration hazard					
Product / ingredients na		0 0'	Result	TION 111	
	-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <	2%	ASPIRA	TION HAZARD – Catego	ory 1
aromatics					
	Irotreated heavy: Nota(s) P			TION HAZARD – Catego	
Distillates (petroleum), Hy		.00/		TION HAZARD – Catego	
	n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,	<z%< td=""><td>ASPIRA</td><td>TION HAZARD – Catego</td><td>ory</td></z%<>	ASPIRA	TION HAZARD – Catego	ory
aromatics		-00/			
	n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,	<z%< td=""><td>ASPIRA</td><td>TION HAZARD – Catego</td><td>ory I</td></z%<>	ASPIRA	TION HAZARD – Catego	ory I
aromatics	outoo of overcours . Mat and	lable			
	routes of exposure – Not avail	aule			
Potential acute health effe	: No known significant effect		itical haze	arde	
Ingestion	: No known significant effect				
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May c				
Eye contact	: No known significant effect				
-	physical chemical and toxico				
Inhalation	: No specific data	iogica			
Ingestion	: No specific data				
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may inc	lude t	he followi	ng: Irritation, Drvness, C	racking
Eye contact	: No specific data			5	3
	ffects and also chronic effect	s fror	n short a	nd long term exposure	
Short term exposure					
Potential immediate effec	ts: Not available				
Potential delayed effects:					
Long term exposure					
Potential immediate effec	ts : Not available				
Potential delayed effects:	Not available				
Potential chronic health e					
Not available					
Conclusion/Summary: No	t available				
	eated contact can defat the skin	and I	ead to irri	ation, cracking and/or de	ermatitis
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects				
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effect				
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects				
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects				
Fertility effects	: No known significant effect	s or cr	itical haza	ards.	
Other information	: Not available				

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated Occupational Exposure Limit may result in adverse health effects such as irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory system and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity:					
Product/ingredient name		Result	Species	Exposure	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, is cyclics <2% aromatics	soalkanes,	LC50 >100mg/l	Algae	72 hours	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no da	ata available on the	mixture itself		
12.2 Persistence and degradability:					
Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics <2% aromatics	-	80 %- Readi	ily – 28 days	-	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no da	ata available on the	mixture itself		

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half- life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics <2% aromatics	-	-	Readily
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	-	-	Readily
Hydrocarbons, C14-C18, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics <2% aromatics	-	-	Readily
Conclusion/Summary : There are no 2.3 Bioaccumulative potential	o data available on th	e mixture itself	

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,		10 to 2500	High
cyclics			
<2% aromatics			
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	-	159	Low
Hydrocarbons, C14-C18, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,	-	159	Low
cyclics			
<2% aromatics			
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc): Not available

Mobility: Not available

12.5 Results of PBT abd vPvB assessment

PBT: Not applicable vPvB: Not applicable

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s) 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protections and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste: Yes

Europ	<u>ean waste</u>	cata	logue	(EWC)	
	Masta		Mast	اممامم	

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

 Type of packaging
 European waste catalogue (EWC)

 Container
 15 01 04 metallic packaging

Special precautions: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group				
14.5 environmental hazards	No	No	No	No
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Additional information ADR/RID	: This class 3 visc according to 2.2.3		ect to regulation in pa	ckagings up to 450L.
Funnel code ADN	:(D/E)	cous liquid is not subj	ect to regulation in pa	ackagings up to 450L.
MDG	•	cous liquid is not subj	ect to regulation in pa	ackagings up to 450L.
ΑΤΑ	: None identified			

Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code: Not applicable

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmen	tal regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
Annex XIV – List of substances sub	ject to authorisation
Annex XIV	
None of the components are listed.	
Substances of very high concern	
None of the components are listed	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the ma	anufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous
substances, mixtures and articles	
Other EU regulations	
VOC for Read-for-Use	: IIA/e. Interior/exterior trim varnishes and woodstains, including opaque
Mixture	woodstains. EU Limit values: 400g/I (2010)
	This product contains a maximum of 400g/I VOC
Seveso Directive	
This product is controlled under the Se	eveso Directive
Danger criteria	
Category	
P5c	

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations and acronyms :

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3 H226	On basis of test data

Full text of abbreviated H.

<u>Statements</u>	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H361 fd (oral)	Suspected of damaging fertility if swallowed. Suspected of damaging the unborn child if swallowed

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H312	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) – Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ASPIRATION HAZARD – Category 1
Carc. 2 H351	CARCINOGENICITY – Category 2
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracking
Eye Dam. 1 H318	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION – Category 1
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS – Category 3
Repr. 2, H361fd (oral)	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility and Unborn child) (Oral) – Category 2
Skin Sens. 1, H317	SKIN SENSITIZATION – Category 1
STOT SE 3, H336	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic
	Effects) – Category 3

History Date of Issue/date of revision April 2018 Date of previous issue March 2017 Prepared by - Intumescent Systems Ltd

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

HEALTH & SAFETY INFORMATION SHEET APPENDIX 71b HW EXCEL WHITE - GLOSS

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE PREPARATION AND COMPANY

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: HW Excel white – Gloss
Product code	: Not available
Other means of identification	: Not available
1 2 Relevant identified uses of the	a substance or mixture and uses advised anai

 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

 Product use
 : Consumer applications, Professional applications

 Use of the substance/mixture
 : Coating

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Envirograf, Envirograf House, Barfrestone, Dover, Kent, CT15 7JG Telephone/fax/email: 01304 842555 01304 842666 sales@envirograf.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number: Supplier: 01304 842555 (Not 24 Hours)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Product definition : Mixture Classification According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]: Flam. Liq. 3, H226 The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms. 2.2 Label Elements Hazard pictograms :



: Warning

Signal word Hazard statements

: Flammable liquid and vapour

Precautionary statements

General: Keep out of reach of childen. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand **Prevention**: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames & other ignition sources . No Smoking

Response: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Immediately take off all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower **Storage**: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Disposal : Dispose of contects & container in accordance with all local, regional, national & international regulations.

P102, P101, P280, P210, P303+P361+P353, P403, P235, P501

Hazardous ingredients: Not applicable

Supplemental label elements: Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII- Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles: Not Applicable

 Special packaging requirements

 Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings: Not Applicable

 Tactile warning of danger
 : Not applicable

 2.3 Other hazards
 : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin & cause irritation

 not result in classification
 : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin & cause irritation

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

:Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11 n-alkalines, isoalkanes cyclics, <2% aromatics	REACH # 01-2119463258-33 EC: 919-857-5 CAS: 64742-48-9	≥ 10- <20	Flam.Liq 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H226 EUH066	[1]
Naphtha (petroleum) hydrotreated heavy: Nota(s) P	EC: 265-150-3 CAS:64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≥ 5.0 – <10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, Isoalkanes, cyclics <2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119457273-39 EC: 918-481-9 CAS: 64742-48-9	≥1 - ≥5.0	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
Hydrocarbons, C14-C18, n-alkanes, Isoalkanes, cyclics <2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119457736-27 EC: 927-63-8 CAS: 64742-47-8	≥1 - ≥5.0	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	
2-butanone oxime	REACH #: 01-2119539477-2 EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7 Index: 616-014-00-0	<1.0	Acute Tox. 4, H312 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351	[1]
Those are no odditional incrediants an			For full text of H statements declared above see section 16	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid

Eye contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognized skin cleaner. DO NOT USE SOLVENT OR THINNERS.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. DO NOT induce vomiting

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Potential acute health effects

l otontial avait	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: No specific data
Inhalation	: No specific data
Skin contact Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include: irritation, dryness, cracking : No specific data

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture: Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard

Hazardous combustion products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for Firefighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool **Special protective equipment for firefighters** : Firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for firefighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel."

6.2 Environmental Precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air)

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product.

6.4 Reference to other Sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information See Section 8 for information appropriate personal protective equipment

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s)

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should was hands and face before eating drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Storage temperature 5 to 25°C (41 to 77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations: Not available

Industrial sector specific solutions: Not available

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s)

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known

Recommended monitoring procedures: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres – Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres – Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres – General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11	DNEL	Long term Dermal	208 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
n-alkalines, isoalkanes	DNEL	Long term inhalation	871 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
cyclics, <2% aromatics	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term inhalation	185 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	125 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
					-
2-butanone oxime	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	9 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.33 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	2.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.7 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2 mg/m ³	Consumers	Local

DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.78 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
DNEL	Short term Dermal	1.5 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
2-butanone oxime	-	Fresh water	0.256 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Sewage treatment plant	177mg/l	Assessment Factors

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. **Eye/face protection**: Chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand Protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended.

Gloves: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: Recommended: nitrile rubber **Body protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear & any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed & risks involved & should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. **Respiratory protection**: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the sage working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, airpurifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties Appearance				
Physical state	: Liquid			
Colour	: Various			
Odour	: Hydrocarbon [slight]			
Odour threshold	: Not available			
рН	: Insoluble in water			
Melting/freezing point	: May start to solidify at the following temperature: -15°C (5°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: Hydrocarbons, C14-C18, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics. Weighted Average: -58.56°C (-73.4°F)			
Initial boiling point & boiling range Flash point	: 145°C : Closed cup: 41°C			

Evaporation rate Material supports combustion	: Highest known value: 0.04 (Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics) Weighted Average: 0.03 compared with butyl acetate : Yes
Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Vapour pressure	: Liquid : Greatest known range: Lower 0.6% Upper: 7% (Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics) : Highest known value: 0.1 to 0.3 kPa (2.3mm Hg) (at 20°C) (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy) Weighted Average: 0.16 kPa (1.2 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapour density	: Highest known value: 4.5 (Air = 1) (Hydrocarbons, C14-C18, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics.).
Relative density	: 1.17
Solubility(ies)	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/wate	r : Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	: Lowest known value: >230°C (>446°F) (Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics.).
Decomposition temperature Viscosity	: Stable under recommended storage & handling conditions (se Section 7) : Kinematic (room temperature): >4cm ² /s Kinematic (40°C): >2.1cm ² /s
Viscosity	: 60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)
Explosive properties	: The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible
Oxidising properties	: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard
9.2 Other information No additional information.	

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability: The product is stable

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reaction will not occur

10.4 Conditions to avoid: When exposed to high temperature may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 & 8

10.5 Incompatible materials: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides, metal oxide/oxides

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity **Conclusion/Summary**

Acute toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), Hydrotreated heavy	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,	LD50 Dermal	Rat	5000 mg/m ³	-
cyclics, <2% aromatics			_	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/m ³	-
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% Aromatics				
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary : There are no data and	vailable on the mix	ture itself.		
Acute toxicity estimates				
Route	ATE value	•		
Not available				
Irritation/Corrosion				
Conclusion/Summary : There are no data av	vailable on the mix	ture itself.		
Sensitisation				
Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.				

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary Teratogenicity Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)							
Product/ingredient name	•	Category	Route of exposure	Target			
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-	alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,	Category 3	Not applicable	Narcotic			
<2% aromatics	-		effects				
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)							
Not available							
Aspiration hazard							
Product / ingredients na	me		Result				
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-	alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <	2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZA	RD – Category 1			
Naphtha (petroleum), Hyd	rotreated heavy		ASPIRATION HAZA	RD – Category 1			
	n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,		ASPIRATION HAZA				
	n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,		ASPIRATION HAZA	RD – Category 1			
Information on the likely r	outes of exposure – Not avai	ilable					
Potential acute health effe							
Inhalation	: No known significant effect						
Ingestion	: No known significant effect						
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May o						
Eye contact	: No known significant effect						
	physical chemical and toxico	ological charact	<u>teristics</u>				
Inhalation	: No specific data						
Ingestion	: No specific data						
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may in	clude the followi	ng:				
_	IrritationDrynessCracking						
Eye contact	: No specific data						
	fects and also chronic effect	ts from short a	<u>nd long term exposure</u>				
Short term exposure	N. /						
Potential immediate	: Not available						
effects	N. 7 111						
Potential delayed effects	: Not available						
Long term exposure	. Net evellette						
Potential immediate	: Not available						
effects	Not available						
Potential delayed effects	: Not available						
Potential chronic health end Not available	nects						
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available						
General		act can defat th	a skin and load to irritatio	n oracking			
General	:Prolonged or repeated cont and/or dermatitis			on, cracking			
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effect	e or critical baza	arde				
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effect						
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effect						
Developmental effects	: No known significant effect						
Fertility effects							
Other information	: No known significant effect		alu5.				
Other information	: Not available						

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated Occupational Exposure Limit may result in adverse health effects such as irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory system and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity: Product/ingredient name Result Species Exposure LC50 >100mg/l Fresh water Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, Algae 72 hours isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes,	-	80% - Readily – 28 days	-	-
isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics				

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half- life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics <2% aromatics	-	-	Readily
Hydrocarbons, C14-C18, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics <2% aromatics	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,		10 to 2500	High
cyclics			
<2% aromatics			
Hydrocarbons, C14-C18, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,	-	159	Low
cyclics			
<2% aromatics			
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil		
Soil/water partition Coefficien	t (Koc): Not available	
Mobility: Not available		
12.5 Results of PBT abd vPvB	assessment	
РВТ	: Not applicable	
vPvB	: Not applicable	

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s)

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product

Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protections and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Hazardous waste : Yes

European waste catalogue (EWC)

-	Waste code	Waste designation
	08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances
Packad	aing	

Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste

packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

-	Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)	
	Container	15 01 04 metallic packaging	

Special precautions: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 proper shipping	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
name				
14.3 Transport hazard	3	3	3	3
class(es)				
14.4 Packing group	III			III
14.5 environmental	No	No	No	No
hazards				
Marine pollutant	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
substances				

Additional information ADR/RID	: This class 3 material is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450L. according to 2.2.3.1.5
Tunnel code	:(D/E)
ADN	: This class 3 material is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450L. according to 2.2.3.1.5
IMDG	: This class 3 material is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 30L. according to 2.2.3.1.5
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified

14.6 Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code : Not applicable

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u> <u>Annex XIV – List of substances subject to authorisation</u> <u>Annex XIV</u> None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern None of the components are listed Annex XVII – Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

:Not applicable

Other EU regulations

VOC for I	Read-for-Use
-----------	--------------

: IIA/d. Interior/exterior trim and cladding paints for wood and metal. EU Limit values: 300g/l (2010) This product contains a maximum of 300g/l VOC

Seveso Directive

D

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive

anger criteria	
Category	
P5c	

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations and acronyms :

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data

Full text of abbreviated H.

<u>Statements</u>	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H351	Suspected of causing cancer

Full text of classifications

[CLP/GHS]	
Acute Tox. 4, H312	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) – Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ASPIRATION HAZARD – Category 1
Carc. 2 H351	CARCINOGENICITY – Category 2
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause sking dryness or cracking
Eye Dam. 1 H318	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION – Category 1
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS – Category 3
Skin Sens. 1, H317	SKIN SENSITIZATION – Category 1
STOT SE 3, H336	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic
	Effects) – Category 3

<u>History</u>

Date of Issue/date of revision 2nd August 2018 Date of previous issue 25th April 2017 Prepared by – Intumescent Systems Ltd

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.